# GE Digital Energy

# Multilin 350

# Intuitive and Innovative Feeder Protection

The Multilin™ 350 is a member of the Multilin 3 Series protective relay platform and has been designed for the protection, control and management of feeders or related applications as a primary or backup protection device. This cost-effective protective device is used to perform advanced feeder protection, control and monitoring in a draw-out or non draw-out design for low, medium and high voltage applications. The 350 also offers enhanced features such as metering, monitoring and diagnostics, preventative maintenance, advanced communications and security.

# Key Benefits

- Cost-effective and flexible protection and control for distribution and industrial feeder applications
- Ease of use and setup in one simple step
- Environmental monitoring system to monitor operating conditions and plan preventive maintenance
- Advanced power system diagnostics
- Flexible communications with multiple ports and protocols allowing seamless integration
- Arc flash mitigation via zone inter-tripping, flex curves, and multiple settings group
- Powerful Security Audit Trail tool to increase security and minimize system risks
- Application flexibility with the use of programmable logic elements
- Effortless draw-out construction eliminates requirement for test switches
- Draw-out or non draw-out options available
- Increase network availability by reducing failover time to zero through IEC® 62439-3 PRP and HSR support
- Provide precise time synchronization by support for IEEE® 1588 (Precise Time Protocol (PTP))
- Accelerated life cycle testing for high reliability

# Applications

- Primary protection and control for medium and high voltage distribution utility and industrial overhead or cable feeder applications
- Protection of small and medium size distribution transformers
- Back-up protection of various HV applications
- Capacitor bank protection
- Advanced control applications including Cold Load Pickup, multi-shot recloser and multiple setting groups



# Protection & Control

- Comprehensive overcurrent, voltage and frequency functions
- Synchrocheck and breaker failure
- Wide variety of protection curves
- Thermal model protection

# Metering & Monitoring

- Comprehensive metering
- Event Recorder: 256 events with 1ms time stamping
- 32 samples per cycle oscillography
- IRIG-B or IEEE 1588 time synchronization
- Security audit trail and password control
- Relay health diagnostics

# Communications

- Front USB and rear serial, Ethernet, Fiber and dual port options for seamless redundancy (IEC 62439-3, PRP & HSR)
- Multiple communication protocols including IEC 61850, IEC 61850 GOOSE, Modbus® TCP/IP, Modbus RTU, DNP 3.0, IEC 60870-5-104, IEC 60870-5-103 & OPC-UA (IEC 62541)

# EnerVista Software

- Simplify setup and configuration
- Strong document archive and management system
- Full featured monitoring and data recording
- Maintenance and troubleshooting tool
- Seamless integration toolkit

imagination at work



# Overview

The 350 relay is a member of the 3 Series family of Multilin relays. This protective device is used to perform primary or back-up circuit protection on medium or high voltage feeders and down stream protection for distribution utilities. The 350 can be used for a wide variety of protection applications in power system such as MV/LV transfomer protection and capacitor bank protection.

The basic protection function of this relay includes multiple phase, ground, and neutral time and instantaneous overcurrent elements for coordination with upstream and downstream devices. Additionally, the device provides essential feeder breaker control features such as cold load pick up blocking, breaker failure, synchrocheck and autoreclose.

The robust 350 streamlines user work flow processes and simplifies engineering tasks such as configuration, wiring, testing, commissioning, and maintenance. This cost-effective relay also offers enhanced features such as diagnostics, preventative maintenance, arc flash mitigation and security.

# Easy to Use

#### **Drawout Construction**

The 350 offers a complete drawout feature eliminating the need for rewiring after testing has been concluded. The withdrawable feature also eliminates the need to open the switch gear door and disconnect communication cables, eg. Ethernet fiber, copper, RJ45, etc prior to removing the relay from the chasis.

#### **Effortless Retrofit**

The small and compact 350 enables multiple relays to be mounted side by side on medium voltage panels. It also allows easy retrofit into existing S1 and S2 cutouts with adapter plates. The 350 can be used with reducing collars when the depth of LV compartment is limited.

# Easy to Configure

#### Fast & Simple Configuration

The 350 requires minimal settings for configuring standard feeder protection applications. The entire feeder protection setup can be completed in one easy step.

# Advanced Communications

# Easy Integration Into New or Existing Infrastructure

With several Ethernet and serial port options, and a variety of protocols, the 350 provides advanced and flexible communication selections for new and existing energy management, SCADA, and DCS systems. The 350 also provides the industry leading protocols such as PRP and HSR when any failover time in communication system is not tolerated.

# **Enhanced Diagnostics**

#### **Preventative Maintenance**

The 350 allows users to track relay exposure to extreme environmental conditions by monitoring and alarming at high ambient temperatures. This data allows users to proactively schedule regular maintenance work and schedule upgrade activities. The diagnostics data enables the user to understand degradation of electronics due to extreme conditions.

#### **350 Relay Features**



# Easy to Configure- 1 Simple Step



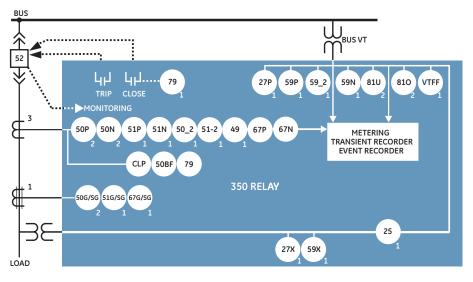








# Functional Block Diagram



#### ANSI<sup>®</sup> Device Numbers & Functions

DEVICE NUMBER	FUNCTION			
25	Function Synchrocheck			
27X	Auxiliary Undervoltage			
49	Thermal Model			
50P	Phase Instantaneous Overcurrent			
50N	Neutral Instantaneous Overcurrent			
50G	Ground/Sensitive Ground Instantaneous Overcurrent			
50BF	Breaker Failure			
50_2	Negative Sequence Overcurrent			
51P	Phase Timed Overcurrent			
51G	1G Ground Timed Overcurrent			
51N	IN Neutral Timed Overcurrent			
67P	Phase Directional Overcurrent			
59P	P Phase Overvoltage			
59X	X Auxiliary Overvoltage			
59N Neutral Overvoltage				
59_2	Negative Sequence Overvoltage			
67G	Ground Directional Overcurrent			
67N	Neutral Directional Overcurrent			
79	Autoreclose			
81U	Underfrequency			
810	Overfrequency			
CLP	Cold Load Pickup			
VTFF	Voltage Transformer Fuse Failure			

Latched Lockout available as a standard feature

#### Sensitive Ground Overcurrent

Sensitive ground protection feature detects ground faults on high impedance grounded systems in order to limit damage to conductors and equipment. Special low ratio CT's are used for this purpose to detect low magnitude ground faults.

#### **Directional Overcurrent (Phase)**

This element is intended to send a directional signal to an overcurrent element to prevent an operation when current is flowing in a particular direction.

The direction of current flow is determined by measuring the phase angle between the current from the phase CTs and the line-line voltage from the other two phases. The Maximum Torque Angle (MTA) can be set from 0° to 359° in steps of 1°.

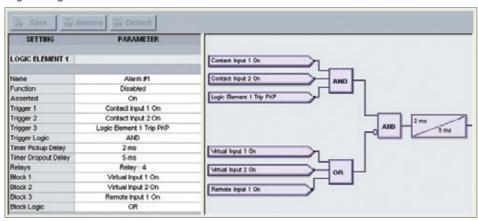
#### Logic Designer

Ground, Neutral)

equipment connected to it.

an additional ground sensor.

Neutral Overcurrent



Sixteen logic elements available for applications such as manual control, interlocking, and peer to peer tripping.

# Cost Effective

#### **Robust Design**

The 350 is subjected to Accelerated Life Testing (ALT) to validate accurate relay function under specified normal conditions. The device is further tested for durability through Highly Accelerated Life Testing (HALT) where it undergoes extreme operating conditions. The robust 350 design ensures long term operation.

#### Reduced Life Cycle Cost

The 350 is designed to reduce total installation and life cycle cost for feeder protection. The draw-out construction of the device reduces downtime during maintenance and decreases extra wiring needed for relay testing and commissioning.

#### **Multiple Options**

Several option for protection & communications are provided to match basic to high end application requirements.

# Protection

The 350 feeder protection system offers protection, control and monitoring in one integrated, economical and compact package.

#### Timed Overcurrent (Phase, Ground, Neutral)

The 350 has three-phase TOC elements which enable coordination with upstream and downstream protection devices such as fuses, overload relays, etc to maximize fault selectivity and minimize interruptions and downtime. Multiple time current curves are available

including IAC, IEC, ANSI and IEEE curves.

Additional user programmable flex curves

can be used to customize and meet specific

coordination requirements. The TOC has both

linear and instantaneous reset timing function

The instantaneous element provides fast

clearance of high magnitude faults to prevent

damage to the power infrastructure and the

The neutral signal is derived as the residual sum

of the three phase CTs eliminating the need for

to coordinate with electro-mechanical relays.

Instantaneous Overcurrent (Phase,

#### **Ground Directional**

The Ground Directional element is used to discriminate whether a fault occurs in a forward or in a reverse direction, and it can be used either individually or as a part of the Ground Time, or Instantaneous over-current elements.

#### **Neutral Directional**

The Neutral Directional element is used to discriminate between faults that occur in the forward direction, and faults that occur in the reverse direction. The Neutral Directional element can be used either individually for control or alarm by energizing the auxiliary output relays, or as a part of the Neutral Time, or Instantaneous, over-current elements to define the tripping direction.

#### **Over/Under Voltage Protection**

Overvoltage/Undervoltage protection features can cause a trip or generate an alarm when the voltage exceeds a specified voltage setting for a specified time.

#### **Frequency Protection**

The 350 offers overfrequency and underfrequency elements to improve network (grid) stability using voltage or frequency based load shedding techniques.

It also provides back up protection when protecting feeders and other frequency sensitive power equipment.

#### **Thermal Model**

The cable thermal model element protects power apparatus like feeder cables against overheating due to excessive load. It estimates the temperature rise of current carrying conductors based on the amount of current flow (I2R) and alarms when temperature rise exceeds a threshold value. This protection feature is essential to ensure the longevity of electrical feeders; particularly important to prevent premature cable failures, expensive repair costs and system down time.

#### Neutral/Ground Directional Overcurrent

The directional ground overcurrent isolates faulted feeders in ring bus or parallel feeder arrangements. It also allows detection of back feed of fault current from feeders with motors.

### Control

#### Synchronism Check

The Synchrocheck element is used for monitoring the connection of two parts of the circuit by the close of a breaker. Breaker closing can be supervised by  $\Delta V$ ,  $\Delta f$  and  $\Delta Hz$  setpoints. This element verifies that voltages at both sides of the breaker are within the magnitude, angle and frequency limits set by the user before closing the breaker, in order to minimize internal damage that could occur due to the voltage difference, both in magnitude and angle.

#### Cold Load Pick Up

Cold Load Pick up allows automatic or manual blocking or raising of trip settings for a period after the breaker has been closed. This feature adapts the pick up of overcurrent elements to override the higher overload currents resulting from re-energization of feeder after a long period of time.

#### **Breaker Failure**

The Breaker Failure function is used to determine when a trip command sent to a breaker has not been executed within a selectable time delay. In the event of a breaker failure, the 350 will issue an additional signal to trip the breakers connected to the same busbar or signal the trip of upstream breakers.

#### Autoreclose

Reclose can be initiated externally or from an overcurrent protection. Up to four reclose operations are available, each with a programmable dead time. For each reclose shot, the relay can be programmed to block any overcurrent element.

### Automation and Integration

#### Inputs & Outputs

The 350 features the following inputs and outputs for monitoring and control of typical feeder applications:

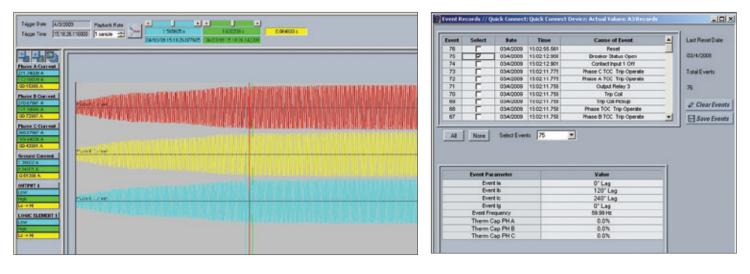
- 10 contact Inputs with programmable thresholds
- 2 Form A output relays for breaker trip and close with coil monitoring
- 5 Form C output relays

#### IEC 61850 GOOSE

The 350 supports IEC 61850 Logical Nodes which allows for digital communications to DCS, SCADA and higher level control systems. In addition, the 350 also supports IEC 61850 GOOSE communication, providing a means of sharing digital point state information between 350's or other IEC 61850 compliant IED's.

# Power System Troubleshooting

Analyze power system disturbances with transient fault recorder and event records



- Eliminates the need for hardwiring contact inputs to contact outputs via communication messaging.
- Transmits information from one relay to the next in as fast as 8 ms.
- Enables sequence coordination with upstream and downstream devices.
- When Breaker Open operation malfunctions, GOOSE messaging sends a signal to the upstream breaker to trip and clear the fault.

#### **Logic Elements**

The 350 relay has sixteen Logic Elements available for the user to build simple logic using the state of any programmed contact, virtual, remote input or the output operand of a protection or control element.

The logic provides for assigning up to three triggering inputs in an "AND/OR" gate for the logic element operation and up to three blocking inputs in an "AND/OR" gate for defining the block signal. Pickup and dropout timers are available for delaying the logic element operation and reset respectively.

#### Virtual Inputs

Virtual inputs allow communication devices the ability to write digital commands to the 350 relay. These commands could be open/close the breaker, changing setting groups, or blocking protection elements.

#### **Multiple Settings Group**

Two separate settings groups are stored in nonvolatile memory, with only one group active at a given time. Switching between setting groups 1 and 2 can be done by means of a setting, a communication command or contact input activation.

The two settings groups allow users to store seasonal settings – such as for summer and winter or alternate profiles such as settings during maintenance operations.

# Monitoring & Diagnostics

#### **Event Recording**

Events consist of a broad range of change of state occurrences, including pickups, trips, contact operations, alarms and self test status. The 350 relay stores up to 256 events time tagged to the nearest millisecond. This provides the information required to determine sequence of events which facilitates diagnosis of relay operation. Event types are individually maskable in order to avoid the generation of undesired events, and includes the metered values at the moment of the event.

#### Oscillography/ Transient Fault Recorder

The 350 captures current and voltage waveforms and digital channels at 32 samples per cycle. Multiple records can be stored in the relay at any given time with a maximum length of 192 cycles Oscillography is triggered either by internal signals or an external contact.

#### Trip/Close Coil Monitoring

The 350 can be used to monitor the integrity of both the breaker trip and closing coils and circuits. The supervision inputs monitor both the battery voltage level, while the outputs monitor the continuity of the trip and/or closing circuits, by applying a small current through the circuits.

#### **Basic Metering**

Metered values include:

- Current: Ia, Ib, Ic, In, Ig, Isg
- Phase-to-phase and phase-to-ground voltages for bus and line: Van, Vbn, Vcn, Vab, Vbc, Vca
- Active power (3-Phase)
- Reactive power (3-Phase)
- Frequency

#### Advanced Device Health Diagnostics

The 350 performs comprehensive device health diagnostic tests during startup and continuously at runtime to test its own major functions and critical hardware. These diagnostic tests monitor for conditions that could impact system reliability. Device status is communicated via SCADA communications and the front panel display. This continuous monitoring and early detection of possible issues helps improve system availability by employing predictive maintenance.

#### IEEE 1588 (Precise Time Protocol)

The IEEE 1588 Precision Time Protocol (PTP) is to synchronize the time between different nodes on an Ethernet network and it is used when very precise time synchronization is required.

It is possible to synchronize distributed clocks with an accuracy of less than 1 microsecond via Ethernet networks. PTP enables clock redundancy and reduces wiring and testing. It can operate over a complete facility and has the ability to compensate for lead length.

#### IRIG-B

IRIG-B is a standard time code format that allows time stamping of events to be synchronized among connected devices within 1 millisecond. An IRIG-B input is provided in the 350 to allow time synchronization using a GPS clock over a wide area. The 350 IRIG-B supports both AM and DC time synchronization with an auto detect feature that removes the requirement for manual selection.

#### **Temperature Monitoring**

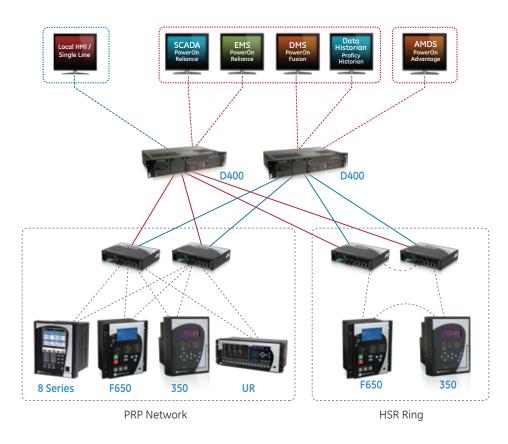
The 350 continually monitors ambient temperature around the relay and alarms when the device is exposed to extreme temperatures and undesirable conditions such as airconditioning unit or station heater failures.

The EnerVista Viewpoint maintenance tool allows users to review and analyze the time period a 350 relay is exposed to certain temperature ranges.

Device	Summary							_	
Device Na	ine:			350					
Device Ty	pe:			SR 350					
Order Cod	1e:			350-EP00	OHSSNM2EON				
			1.20	1.29					
Serial Nur	nber:			8L0A1000	00019			1000	
Communic	ation:			COM 3, 1	16200				
Patrice		Minterry							
Setting	Changes	History Wethod of			Changes by Whom		Filesana		Firm
24551048	Change	Change	Changes		IP /Wac	Event Type	Filesane	Status	Versio
1	05/15/2010 04:40:11 PM	use		Yes	8181818	Setpoint File		Relay Not Ready	120
2	09/15/2010 04:41:36 PM	Ethernet	1	Yes	3:13:81:141	Setpoint Change	358_128.ar3 : C:	Relay Not Ready	120
Setting	Changes	Detail His	tory						
	<b>Date Of Chan</b>		Old Value		New Yalu		Data Item	Medbus Adv	iress.
2	09/15/2010 04:41:36 P1		1			Config Revision Number		0X1244	
3	09/15/2010 04:44:48 P1		1		1	Config Revision Number			
4	09/15/2010 04:46:20 P1		50		5 Grou		und CT Primary	6830+	

Trace any setting changes with security audit trail

#### Example of Redundant HSR and PRP Architecture



Redundancy protocols (PRP and HSR) can be used for various networking architectures including combined PRP/HSR topologies.

# Security

#### Security Audit Trail

The Security Audit Trail feature provides complete traceability of relay setting changes at any given time and is NERC<sup>®</sup> CIP compliant. The 350 maintains a history of the last 10 changes made to the 350 configuration, including modifications to settings and firmware upgrades.

Security Setting Reports include the following information:

- If Password was required to change settings
- MAC address of user making setting changes
- Listing of modified changes
- Method of setting changes Keypad, Front serial port, Ethernet, etc.

#### **Password Control**

With the implementation of the Password Security feature in the 350 relay, extra measures have been taken to ensure unauthorized changes are not made to the relay. When password security is enabled, changing of setpoints or issuing of commands will require passwords to be entered. Separate passwords are supported for remote and local operators, and separate access levels support changing of setpoints or sending commands.

# Advanced Communications

The 350 incorporates the latest communication technologies making it the easiest and the most flexible feeder protection relay for use and integration into new and existing infrastructures. The 350 relay provides the user with one front USB and one rear RS485 communication port. Also available with the 350 is a rear communication port with Ethernet Fiber and Copper. In case of implementing PRP and HSR redundancy protocols, the 350 provides two rear Fiber ports. Through the use of these ports, continuous monitoring and control from a remote computer, SCADA system or PLC is possible.

The 350 provides optional Parallel Redundancy Protocol (PRP) and High Availability Seamless Ring (HSR) according to the IEC 62439-3 standard that defines two protocols to increase network availability by reducing failover time to zero. Both ports are capable of simultaneously supporting the following protocols: Modbus TCP/ IP, IEC 61850, DNP3 or IEC 60870-5-104, IEEE 1588, SNTP and OPC-UA.

The basic concept of both protocols, PRP and HSR, is to send identical frames over different paths and discard one of the copies in reception, at best. If an error occurs or one of the paths goes down, the frame travelling through that path will not reach its destination, but its copy remains intact and will reach the desired destination. This technology ensures high reliability and availability of communication networks by providing redundancy and zero reconfiguration time in the event of a failure. Failsafe communications systems are crucial for industries and utilities with critical applications where no recovery time is tolerated.

The 350 supports popular industry leading standard protocols enabling easy, direct integration into electrical SCADA and HMI systems. The protocols supported by the 350 include:

IEC 60870-5-104

(IEC 62439-3)

• IEEE 1588 for time

synchronization

PRP & HSR

OPC-UA

- IEC 61850
- IEC 61850 GOOSE
- DNP 3.0
- Modbus RTU
- Modbus TCP/IP

350 relay offers.

- IEC 60870-5-103
- The 350 relay provides Precision Time Protocol (PTP) based on IEEE 1588 for precise time synchronization throughout a network. OPC-UA is another feature based on IEC 62541 that the

These protocols make it easy to connect to a Utility or Industrial automation system, eliminating the need for external protocol converter devices.

# EnerVista Software

The EnerVista suite is an industry leading set of software programs that simplifies every aspect of using the 350 relay. The EnerVista suite provides all the tools to monitor the status of the protected asset, maintain the relay, and integrate the information measured into DCS or SCADA monitoring systems. Convenient COMTRADE and sequence of event viewers are an integral part of the 350 set up software and are included to ensure proper protection and system operation.

#### Simplified Feeder Setup

The 350 Feeder Protection System includes a simplified setup process. This simplified feeder

setup consists of minimal settings and can be accessed through the relay front panel or via the EnerVista Setup software. Once the information is entered, the simplified setup will generate a settings file, provide documentation indicating which settings are enabled, and an explanation of the parameters entered.

#### **Viewpoint Monitoring**

Viewpoint Monitoring is a simple to use and full featured monitoring and data recording software package for small systems. Viewpoint monitoring provides a complete HMI package with the following functionality:

- Plug and play device monitoring
- System single line monitoring and control
- Annunciator alarm screens
- Trending reports
- Automatic event retrieval
- Automatic waveform retrieval

### Display

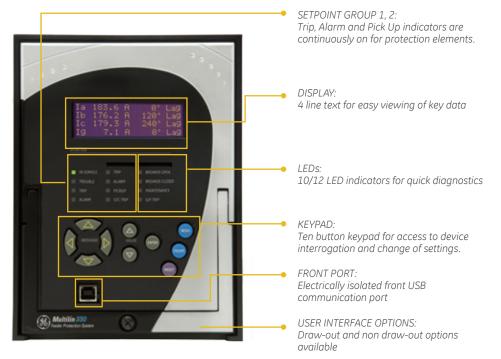
A 4 line liquid crystal display (LCD) allows visibility under varied lighting conditions. When the keypad and display are not being used, the metering summary page is displayed to show critical metered values.

### LEDs

The 350 relay has twelve\* LED's (8 programmable) that provide status indication for various conditions of the relay and the system. The LED indications are color coded to indicate the type of event.

\* 10 non programmable LEDs for the non draw-out design

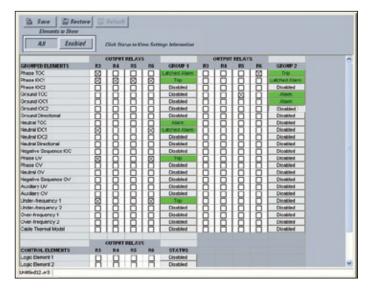
### User Interface



#### Feeder protection settings in one easy step

Caulok Se	Pearly	Noninal Prequency	и на 💌	3
	_			20
Coment S	Remaining	Voltage Sen	sing	8
Phase CT Prin	aav (500 🕂 A	V1 Connection	Wje 💌	
		V7 Seconday	120 × V 1 ÷ 1 110 × V	
Bround CT The	SA Seconday .	V1 Patio	1 1	
along of the				
Ground CT Pre	and the second se	Aur VT Secondary Aur VT Bato	110 ÷ V	
Ground CT Pro	nay 😱 🕂 A			
Ground CT Pro			110 - V 1	
Ground CT Pro	nay 😱 🕂 A	Aur/YT Rato	· ·	abled (
Ground CT Pro	nay 53 👘 A	Aur/YT Rato	· ·	And in case of the local division of the loc
Ground CT Pro	nay 53 🕂 A on Elements LatrotAlan 💌 Desar	Aur VT Rate	Numaria De	

Fast and accurate configuration in one simple screen.

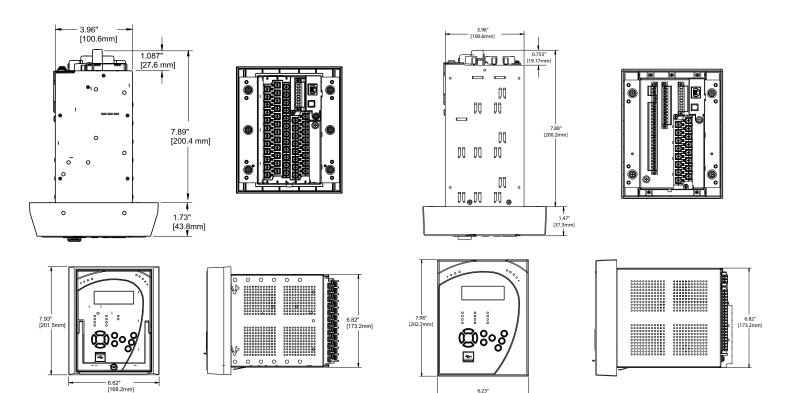


3 Series setup software protection summary for viewing a summary of Protection & Control configuration.

# Dimensions

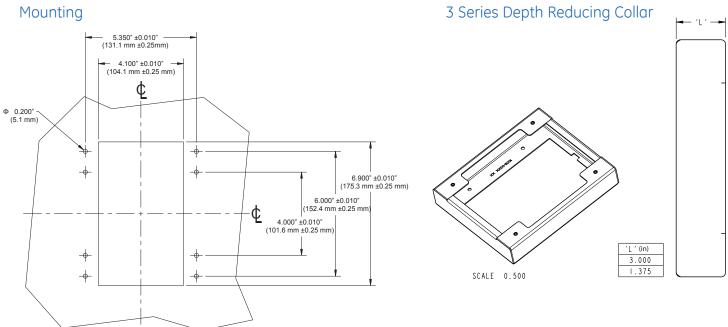
Draw-out version

Non draw-out version

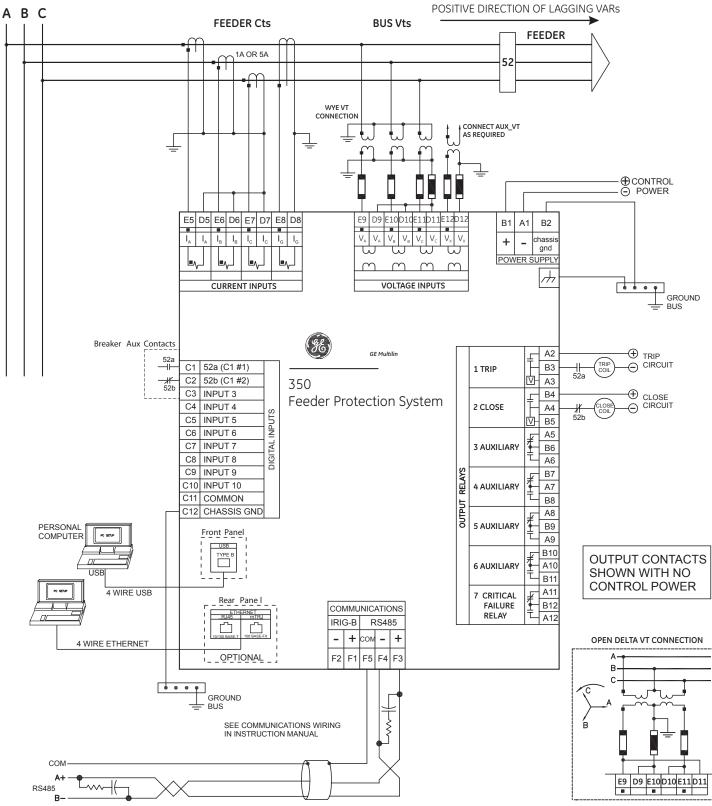


6.23" [158.2mm]

Mounting







898728.CDR

# **Technical Specifications**

(51P/51N/51G)	ROUND TIME OVERCURRENT	NEUTRAL DIRECTIO Directionality:	Co-existing forward and reverse
Pickup Level: Dropout Level:	0.05 to 20.00 × CT in steps of 0.01 × CT 97 to 99% of Pickup @ I > 1 × CT	Polarizing: Polarizing Voltage:	Voltage, Current, Dual
	Pickup - 0.02 x CT @ I < 1 x CT	rolanzing voltage.	must be
Curve Shape:	ANSI Extremely/Very/Moderately/ Normally Inverse		connected in "Wye") - 3V, measured by Vaux input (3V,
	Definite Time (0.05 s base curve) IEC Curve A/B/C/Short		provided by an external open delta connection).
	IAC Extreme/Very/Inverse/Short	Polarizing Current:	lg
	User Curve, FlexCurve™ A/B (programmable curves)	MTA: Angle Accuracy:	From 0° to 359° in steps of 1° ±4°
Curve Multiplier: Reset Time:	0.05 to 50.00 in steps of 0.01 Instantaneous, Linear	Operation Delay:	20 to 30 ms
Time Delay	±3% of expected inverse time or 1 cycle,		
Accuracy: Level Accuracy:	whichever is greater per CT input		INDERVOLTAGE (27P/27X)
-	· ·	Minimum Voltage:	Programmable from 0.00 to 1.25 x V in steps of 0.01
SENSITIVE GROUND Pickup Level:	0.005 to 3 x CT in steps of 0.001 x CT	Pickup Level: Dropout Level:	0.00 to 1.25 x VT in steps of 0.01 101 to 104% of pickup
Dropout Level:	97 to 99% of Pickup @ I > 0.1 x CT	Curve:	Definite Time, Inverse Time
Curve Shape:	Pickup - 0.002 x CT @ I < 0.1 x CT ANSI Extremely/Very/Moderately/	Time Delay: Operate Time:	0.0 to 600.0 s in steps of 0.1 Time delay ±30 ms @ 60Hz (V < 0.85
	Normally Inverse DefiniteTime		PKP) Time delay ±40 ms @ 50Hz (V < 0.85
	IEC Curve A/B/C/Short Inverse IAC Extreme/Very/Inverse/Short Inverse		PKP)
	User Curve, FlexCurve™ A/B	Time Delay Accuracy:	±3% of expected inverse time or cycle, whichever is greater
Curve Multiplier: Reset Time:	0.05 to 50.00 in steps of 0.01 Instantaneous, Linear	Level Accuracy:	Per voltage input
Time Delay	±3% of expected inverse time or 1 cycle,		
Accuracy: Level Accuracy:	whichever is greater per CT input	(59P/59X/59N/59_2	
-	· ·		Programmable from 0.00 to 1.25 x VT i steps of 0.01
	ROUND NEGATIVE SEQUENCE /ERCURRENT (50P/50N/50G/50_2)	Pickup Level:	0.00 to 1.25 x VT in steps of 0.01
Pickup Level:	0.05 to 20 x CT in steps of 0.01 x CT	Dropout Level: Time Delay:	96 to 99% of pickup 0.0 to 600.0 s in steps of 0.1
Dropout Level:	97 to 99% of Pickup @ I > 1 x CT Pickup - 0.02 x CT @ I <1 x CT	Operate Time:	Time delay ±35 ms @ 60Hz (V > 1.1 x PK
Time delay: Operate Time:	0.00 to 300.00 sec in steps of 0.01 <30 ms @ 60Hz (I > 2.0 × PKP, No time	Time Delay	Time delay ±40 ms @ 50Hz (V > 1.1 × PK) 0 to 1 cycle (Time Delay selected)
operate rime.	delay)	Accuracy:	
	<35 ms @ 50Hz (I > 2.0 x PKP, No time delay)	Level Accuracy:	Per voltage input
Time Delay Accuracy:	0 to 1 cycle (Time Delay selected)		
Level Accuracy:	per CT input	UNDERFREQUENCY Minimum Voltage:	(810) 0.00 to 1.25 × VT in steps of 0.01
		Pickup Level:	40.00 to 70.00 Hz in steps of 0.01
SENSITIVE GROUND	INSTANTANEOUS OVERCURRENT (50SG)	Dropout Level: Time Delay:	Pickup +0.03 Hz 0.0 to 600.0 s in steps of 0.1
Pickup Level: Dropout Level:	0.005 to 3 x CT in steps of 0.001 x CT 97 to 99% of Pickup @ I > 0.1 x CT	Time Delay	0 to 6 cycles (Time Delay selected)
	Pickup - 0.002 x CT @ I < 0.1 x CT	Accuracy: Operate Time:	Typically 10 cycles @ 0.1Hz/s change
Time delay: Operate Time:	0.00 to 300.00 sec in steps of 0.01 <30 ms @ 60Hz (I > 2.0 × PKP, No time		
	delay) <35 ms @ 50Hz (I > 2.0 x PKP, No time	Level Accuracy:	±0.01 Hz
	delay)	OVERFREQUENCY (8	310)
Time Delay Accuracy:	0 to 1 cycle (Time Delay selected)	Pickup Level:	40.00 to 70.00 Hz in steps of 0.01
Level Accuracy:	per CT input	Dropout Level: Time Delay:	Pickup -0.03 Hz 0.0 to 600.0 s in steps of 0.1
		Time Delay Accuracy:	0 to 6 cycles (Time Delay selected)
PHASE DIRECTIONA Directionality:	L (67P) Co-existing forward and reverse	Operate Time:	Typically 10 cycles @ 0.1Hz/s change
Operating:	Phase Current (Ia, Ib, Ic)	Level Accuracy:	±0.01 Hz
Polarizing Voltage:	Quadrature Voltage	TRANSIENT RECORD	
	(ABC phase sequence: Vbc, Vca, Vab) (CBA phase sequence: Vcb, Vac, Vba)	Buffer size: No. of buffers:	3 s 1x192, 3x64, 6x32
Polarizing Voltage	0.05 to 1.25 × VT in steps of 0.01	No. of channels:	14
Threshold MTA	From 0° to 359° in steps of 1°	Sampling rate: Triggers:	32 samples per cycle Manual Command
Angle Accuracy: Operation Delay:	±4° 20 to 30 ms		Contact Input Virtual Input
			Logic Element Element Pickup/Trip/Dropout/Alarm
GROUND DIRECTIO		Data:	AC input channels
Directionality: Operating:	Co-existing forward and reverse Ground Current (Ig)		Contact input state Contact output state
	-		Virtual input state Logic element state
Polarizing Voltage:	must be connected	Data storage:	RAM - battery backed-up
	<ul> <li>- 3V, measured from Vaux input. (3V, provided by an external</li> </ul>		
MTA.	open delta connection).		
MTA: Angle Accuracy:	From 0° to 359° in steps of 1° ±4°		
Operation Delay:	20 to 30 ms		
METERING SPECIFIC Parameter	CATIONS Accuracy	Resolution	Range
3-Phase Real Power		0.1 MW	±3000 MW

METERING SPECIFICATIONS						
Parameter	Accuracy	Resolution	Range			
3-Phase Real Power (MW)	±1% of full scale	0.1 MW	±3000 MW			
3-Phase Reactive Power (Mvar)	±1% of full scale	0.1 Mvar	±3000 Mvar			
3-Phase Apparent Power (MVA)	±1% of full scale	0.1 MVA	3000 MVA			
Power Factor	±0.05	0.01	-0.99 to 1.00			
Frequency	±0.05 Hz	0.01 Hz	40.00 to 70.00 Hz			

EVENT RECORDER	256
Number of events: Header: Content:	256 relay name, order code, firmware rev event number, date of event, c of event, per-phase current, gr current, sensitive ground cur neutral current, per-phase voltage connected in "Wye", or phase-p voltages (VTs connected in "De system frequency, power, power for thermal capacity
Data Storage:	Retained for 3 days
CLOCK	
Setup: IRIG-B:	Date and time Daylight Saving Time Auto-detect (DC shift or Ampl Modulated) Amplitude modulated: 1 to 10 V pk-p shift: TTL Input impedance: 40kOhm ± 10% Accuracy: ± 1 min / month
LOGIC ELEMENTS	
Number of logic elements:	8
Trigger source inputs per element:	3
Block inputs per element:	3
Supported	AND, OR, NOT, Pickup / Dropout tim
operations: Pickup timer: Dropout timer:	0 to 6000 ms in steps of 1 ms 0 to 6000 ms in steps of 1 ms
BREAKER CONTROL	
Operation:	Asserted Contact Input, Logic Eler
Function:	Virtual Input, Manual Command Opens / closes the feeder breaker
SYNCHROCHECK (25	
Dead/Live levels for Line and Bus:	0 to 1.25 x VT in steps of 0.01
Maximum voltage difference:	0.02 to 1.25 x VT in steps of 0.01
Maximum angle	2° to 80° in steps of 1°
difference Maximum	0.01 to 5.00 Hz in steps of 0.01 Hz
frequency slip Breaker Closing	0.01 to 600.00 s in steps of 0.01 s
time Dead Source function:	None (DL-DB) Dead Line-Dead Bus (LL-DB) Live Line-Dead Bus (DL-LB) Dead Line-Live Bus (AL-DB) Any Line-Dead Bus (DL-AB) Dead Line-Any Bus (OL-OD) One Live-Other Dead (NBL) Not Both Live
AUTORECLOSE (79) Reclose attempts:	Up to 4 shots
	0 to 3 cycles (AR Dead Time selected
Time Delay	
Accuracy: Elements:	
Accuracy: Elements: BREAKER FAILURE (S	Inputs, Outputs, Breaker Statu: status) 50 <b>BF</b> )
Accuracy: Elements: BREAKER FAILURE (S Pickup Level:	Inputs, Outputs, Breaker Statu status) 50BF) 0.05 to 20.00 × CT in steps of 0.01
Accuracy: Elements: BREAKER FAILURE ( Pickup Level: Dropout Level: Time Delay	Inputs, Outputs, Breaker Statu: status) 50 <b>BF</b> )
Accuracy: Elements: BREAKER FAILURE ( Pickup Level: Dropout Level: Time Delay Accuracy:	Inputs, Outputs, Breaker Statu: status) 00 <b>5 f</b> 0.05 to 20.00 × CT in steps of 0.01 97 to 98% of pickup
Accuracy: Elements: BREAKER FAILURE (f Pickup Level: Dropout Level: Time Delay Accuracy: Level Accuracy: BREAKER TRIP COUI	Inputs, Outputs, Breaker Statu: status) 005 to 20.00 x CT in steps of 0.01 97 to 98% of pickup 0 to 1 cycle (Timer 1, Timer 2) per CT input VTER
Accuracy: Elements: Pickup Level: Dropout Level: Time Delay Accuracy: Level Accuracy: BREAKER TRIP COUI Trip Counter Limit (Pickup):	Inputs, Outputs, Breaker Statu: status) 50BFJ 0.05 to 20.00 × CT in steps of 0.01 97 to 98% of pickup 0 to 1 cycle (Timer 1, Timer 2) per CT input VTER 1 to 10000 in steps of 1
Accuracy: Elements: Pickup Level: Dropout Level: Time Delay Accuracy: Level Accuracy: BREAKER TRIP COUI Trip Counter Limit	Inputs, Outputs, Breaker Status status) 0.05 to 20.00 × CT in steps of 0.01 97 to 98% of pickup 0 to 1 cycle (Timer 1, Timer 2) per CT input NTER 1 to 10000 in steps of 1 BLOCKING
Accuracy: Elements: Pickup Level: Dropout Level: Time Deloy Accuracy: Level Accuracy: BREAKER TRIP COUI Trip Counter Limit (Pickup): COLD LOAD PICKUP	Inputs, Outputs, Breaker Status status) 50BFJ 0.05 to 20.00 × CT in steps of 0.01 97 to 98% of pickup 0 to 1 cycle (Timer 1, Timer 2) per CT input TER 1 to 10000 in steps of 1 BLOCKING Automatically (current level), c command (asserted input) Block IOC functions, raise TOC pickus selected period of
Accuracy: Elements: Pickup Level: Dropout Level: Time Delay Accuracy: Level Accuracy: BREAKER TRIP COUI Trip Counter Limit (Pickup): COLD LOAD PICKUP Operation:	Inputs, Outputs, Breaker Statu status) 0.05 to 20.00 × CT in steps of 0.01 97 to 98% of pickup 0 to 1 cycle (Timer 1, Timer 2) per CT input NTER 1 to 10000 in steps of 1 BLOCKING Automatically (current level), of command (asserted input) Block IOC functions, raise TOC picku
Accuracy: Elements: Pickup Level: Dropout Level: Time Delay Accuracy: Level Accuracy: BREAKER TRIP COUI Trip Counter Limit (Pickup): COLD LOAD PICKUP Operation: Function: Time Delay Accuracy:	Inputs, Outputs, Breaker Status status) 005 to 20.00 × CT in steps of 0.01 97 to 98% of pickup 0 to 1 cycle (Timer 1, Timer 2) per CT input NTER 1 to 10000 in steps of 1 BLOCKING Automatically (current level), c command (asserted input) Block IOC functions, raise TOC pickus selected period of time 0 to 1 cycle (block Time) ±50 ms (outage time? ≤?5 min) ±1 s (outage time > 5 min)
Accuracy: Elements: Pickup Level: Dropout Level: Time Delay Accuracy: Level Accuracy: BREAKER TRIP COUI Trip Counter Limit (Pickup): COLD LOAD PICKUP Operation: Function: Time Delay Accuracy: AMBIENT TEMPERAT High Temperature	Inputs, Outputs, Breaker Status status) 005 to 20.00 × CT in steps of 0.01 97 to 98% of pickup 0 to 1 cycle (Timer 1, Timer 2) per CT input NTER 1 to 10000 in steps of 1 BLOCKING Automatically (current level), c command (asserted input) Block IOC functions, raise TOC pickus selected period of time 0 to 1 cycle (block Time) ±50 ms (outage time? ≤?5 min) ±1 s (outage time > 5 min)
Accuracy: Elements: BREAKER FAILURE (f Pickup Level: Dropout Level: Time Delay Accuracy: Level Accuracy: BREAKER TRIP COUI Trip Counter Limit (Pickup): COLD LOAD PICKUP Operation: Function: Time Delay Accuracy: AMBIENT TEMPERAT High Temperature Pickup: Low Temperature	Inputs, Outputs, Breaker Status status) 0.05 to 20.00 × CT in steps of 0.01 97 to 98% of pickup 0 to 1 cycle (Timer 1, Timer 2) per CT input VTER 1 to 10000 in steps of 1 BLOCKING Automatically (current level), c command (asserted input) Block IOC functions, raise TOC pickus selected period of time 0 to 1 cycle (block Time) ±50 ms (outage time > 5 min) ±1 s (outage time > 5 min)
Accuracy: Elements: Pickup Level: Dropout Level: Dropout Level: Time Delay Accuracy: Level Accuracy: BREAKER TRIP COUI Trip Counter Limit (Pickup): COLD LOAD PICKUP Operation: Function: Time Delay Accuracy: AMBIENT TEMPERAT High Temperature Pickup:	Inputs, Outputs, Breaker Status status) 0.05 to 20.00 × CT in steps of 0.01 97 to 98% of pickup 0 to 1 cycle (Timer 1, Timer 2) per CT input <b>VTER</b> 1 to 10000 in steps of 1 <b>BLOCKING</b> Automatically (current level), c command (asserted input) Block IOC functions, raise TOC pickus selected period of time 0 to 1 cycle (block Time) ±50 ms (outage time? ≤?5 min) ±1 s (outage time > 5 min) <b>URE</b> 20°C to 80°C in steps of 1°C
Accuracy: Elements: BREAKER FAILURE (! Pickup Level: Dropout Level: Time Delay Accuracy: Level Accuracy: BREAKER TRIP COUI Trip Counter Limit (Pickup): COLD LOAD PICKUP Operation: Function: Time Delay Accuracy: AMBIENT TEMPERAT Pickup: Low Temperature Pickup:	Inputs, Outputs, Breaker Status status) 50BF) 0.05 to 20.00 × CT in steps of 0.01 97 to 98% of pickup 0 to 1 cycle (Timer 1, Timer 2) per CT input TTER 1 to 10000 in steps of 1 BLOCKING Automatically (current level), o command (asserted input) Block IOC functions, raise TOC picku selected period of time 0 to 1 cycle (block Time) ±50 ms (outage time? ≤75 min) ±1 s (outage time? ≤75 min) ±0 color co 20°C in steps of 1°C 1 to 60 min in steps of 1 min ±50 ms (outage time? ≤75 min)
Accuracy: Elements: BREAKER FAILURE (f Pickup Level: Dropout Level: Time Delay Accuracy: Level Accuracy: BREAKER TRIP COUI Trip Counter Limit (Pickup): COLD LOAD PICKUP Operation: Function: Time Delay Accuracy: AMBIENT TEMPERAT High Temperature Pickup: Low Temperature Pickup: Time Delay: Temperature	Inputs, Outputs, Breaker Status status) ODF OLOS to 20.00 × CT in steps of 0.01 97 to 98% of pickup 0 to 1 cycle (Timer 1, Timer 2) per CT input <b>JTER</b> 1 to 10000 in steps of 1 <b>BLOCKING</b> Automatically (current level), o command (asserted input) Block IOC functions, raise TOC pickus selected period of time 0 to 1 cycle (block Time) ±50 ms (outage time? ≤75 min) ±1 s (outage time? ≤75 min) ±1 s (outage time? 5 min) 1 s (outage time? 5 min)
Accuracy: Elements: BREAKER FAILURE (? Pickup Level: Dropout Level: Time Delay Accuracy: Level Accuracy: BREAKER TRIP COUI Trip Counter Limit (Pickup): COLD LOAD PICKUP Operation: Function: Time Delay Accuracy: AMBIENT TEMPERAT High Temperature Pickup: Low Temperature Pickup: Time Delay:	Inputs, Outputs, Breaker Status status) 0.05 to 20.00 × CT in steps of 0.01 97 to 98% of pickup 0 to 1 cycle (Timer 1, Timer 2) per CT input <b>VTER</b> 1 to 10000 in steps of 1 <b>BLOCKING</b> Automatically (current level), o command (asserted input) Block IOC functions, raise TOC pickus selected period of time 0 to 1 cycle (block Time) ±50 ms (outage time > 5 min) ±1 s (outage time > 5 min) <b>VIE</b> 20°C to 80°C in steps of 1°C -40°C to 20°C in steps of 1°C 1 to 60 min in steps of 1 min ±1 s (outage time > 75 min) ±1 s (outage time > 75 min)

CONTACT INDUTO	
CONTACT INPUTS Inputs:	8
Selectable	17, 33, 84, 166 VDC
thresholds:	1,55,51,105,55
Recognition time:	1/2 cycle
Debounce time:	1 to 64 ms, selectable, in steps of 1 ms
Continuous current draw:	2 mA
Type:	opto-isolated inputs
External switch:	wet contact
Maximum input	300 VDC
voltage:	
PHASE & GROUND (	
CT Primary:	1 to 6000 A
Range:	0.02 to 20 × CT
Input type: Nominal	1 A or 5 A (must be specified with order) 50/60 Hz
frequency:	50/00112
Burden:	<0.1 VA at rated load
Accuracy:	±1% of reading at 1× CT
	±3% of reading from 0.2 to 20 × CT ±20%
CT withstand:	of reading from 0.02 to $0.19 \times CT$ 1 second at 100 × rated current 2
	seconds at 40 × rated current continuous
	at 3 × rated current
SENSITIVE GROUND	
CT Primary:	1 to 600 A
Range:	0.002 to 3 × CT
Input type:	1 A or 5 A (must be specified with order)
Nominal frequency:	50/60 Hz
Burden:	<0.1 VA at rated load
Accuracy:	±1% of reading at 0.1× CT
	±3% of reading from 0.02 to 3 × CT
CT withstand:	±20% of reading from 0.002 to 0.019 × CT 1 second at 100 × rated current
or manotana.	2 seconds at 40 × rated current
	continuous at 3 × rated current
PHASE/AUX VOLTAG	
Source VT: VT secondary:	0.12 to 65 kV / 50 to 220 V 50 to 240 V
VT ratio:	1 to 5000 in steps of 1
Nominal	50/60 Hz
frequency:	
Accuracy: Voltage withstand:	±1.0% of reading 260 VAC continuous
vonage withstand.	200 VAC continuous
FORM-A RELAYS	
Configuration:	2 (two) electromechanical silver-alloy
Contact material: Operate time:	<8 ms
Continuous	10 A
current:	
	70 4 40(0) 077 00
Make and carry for 0.2s:	30 A per ANSI C37.90
for 0.2s: Break (DC	
for 0.2s: Break (DC inductive, L/R=40	30 A per ANSI C37.90 24 V / 1 A 48 V / 0.5 A 125 V / 0.3 A 250 V / 0.2 A
for 0.2s: Break (DC inductive, L/R=40 ms):	24 V / 1 A 48 V / 0.5 A 125 V / 0.3 A 250 V / 0.2 A
for 0.2s: Break (DC inductive, L/R=40 ms): Break (DC	24 V / 1 A 48 V / 0.5 A 125 V / 0.3 A 250 V / 0.2 A 24 V / 10 A 48 V / 6 A 125 V / 0.5 A 250 V / 0.3 A
for 0.2s: Break (DC inductive, L/R=40 ms): Break (DC resistive): Break (AC	24 V / 1 A 48 V / 0.5 A 125 V / 0.3 A 250 V / 0.2 A
for 0.2s: Break (DC inductive, L/R=40 ms): Break (DC resistive): Break (AC inductive):	24 V / 1 A 48 V / 0.5 A 125 V / 0.3 A 250 V / 0.2 A 24 V / 10 A 48 V / 6 A 125 V / 0.5 A 250 V / 0.3 A 720 VA @ 250 VAC Pilot duty A300
for 0.2s: Break (DC inductive, L/R=40 ms): Break (DC resistive): Break (AC	24 V / 1 A 48 V / 0.5 A 125 V / 0.3 A 250 V / 0.2 A 24 V / 10 A 48 V / 6 A 125 V / 0.5 A 250 V / 0.3 A
for 0.2s: Break (DC inductive, L/R=40 ms): Break (DC resistive): Break (AC inductive): Break (AC resistive):	24 V / 1 A 48 V / 0.5 A 125 V / 0.3 A 250 V / 0.2 A 24 V / 10 A 48 V / 6 A 125 V / 0.5 A 250 V / 0.3 A 720 VA @ 250 VAC Pilot duty A300 277 VAC / 10 A
for 0.2s: Break (DC inductive, L/R=40 ms): Break (DC resistive): Break (AC resistive): Break (AC resistive): FORM-A VOLTAGE M	24 V / 1 A 48 V / 0.5 A 125 V / 0.3 A 250 V / 0.2 A 24 V / 10 A 48 V / 6 A 125 V / 0.5 A 250 V / 0.3 A 720 VA @ 250 VAC Pilot duty A300 277 VAC / 10 A
for 0.2s: Break (DC inductive, L/R=40 ms): Break (DC resistive): Break (AC inductive): Break (AC resistive): FORM-A VOLTAGE M Applicable voltage:	24 V / 1 A 48 V / 0.5 A 125 V / 0.3 A 250 V / 0.2 A 24 V / 10 A 48 V / 6 A 125 V / 0.5 A 250 V / 0.3 A 720 VA @ 250 VAC Pilot duty A300 277 VAC / 10 A <b>IONITOR</b> 20 to 250 VDC
for 0.2s: Break (DC inductive, L/R=40 ms): Break (DC resistive): Break (AC resistive): Break (AC resistive): FORM-A VOLTAGE M	24 V / 1 A 48 V / 0.5 A 125 V / 0.3 A 250 V / 0.2 A 24 V / 10 A 48 V / 6 A 125 V / 0.5 A 250 V / 0.3 A 720 VA @ 250 VAC Pilot duty A300 277 VAC / 10 A
for 0.2s: Break (DC inductive, L/R=40 ms): Break (DC resistive): Break (AC inductive): Break (AC resistive): FORM-A VOLTAGE M Applicable voltage:	24 V / 1 A 48 V / 0.5 A 125 V / 0.3 A 250 V / 0.2 A 24 V / 10 A 48 V / 6 A 125 V / 0.5 A 250 V / 0.3 A 720 VA @ 250 VAC Pilot duty A300 277 VAC / 10 A <b>IONITOR</b> 20 to 250 VDC
for 0.2s: Break (DC inductive, L/R=40 ms): Break (DC resistive): Break (AC resistive): FORM-A VOLTAGE M Applicable voltage: Trickle current: FORM-C RELAYS Configuration:	24 V / 1 A 48 V / 0.5 A 125 V / 0.3 A 250 V / 0.2 A 24 V / 10 A 48 V / 6 A 125 V / 0.5 A 250 V / 0.3 A 720 VA @ 250 VAC Pilot duty A300 277 VAC / 10 A 20 to 250 VDC 1 to 2.5 mA 5 (five) electromechanical
for 0.2s: Break (DC inductive, L/R=40 ms): Break (DC resistive): Break (AC inductive): Break (AC resistive): FORM-A VOLTAGE M Applicable voltage: Trickle current: FORM-C RELAYS Configuration: Contact material:	24 V / 1 A 48 V / 0.5 A 125 V / 0.3 A 250 V / 0.2 A 24 V / 10 A 48 V / 6 A 125 V / 0.5 A 250 V / 0.3 A 720 VA @ 250 VAC Pilot duty A300 277 VAC / 10 A <b>IONITOR</b> 20 to 250 VDC 1 to 2.5 mA 5 (five) electromechanical silver-alloy
for 0.2s: Break (DC inductive, L/R=40 ms): Break (DC resistive): Break (AC resistive): FORM-A VOLTAGE M Applicable voltage: Trickle current: FORM-C RELAYS Configuration:	24 V / 1 A 48 V / 0.5 A 125 V / 0.3 A 250 V / 0.2 A 24 V / 10 A 48 V / 6 A 125 V / 0.5 A 250 V / 0.3 A 720 VA @ 250 VAC Pilot duty A300 277 VAC / 10 A 20 to 250 VDC 1 to 2.5 mA 5 (five) electromechanical

Operate time:	<8 m
Continuous	10 A
current:	
Make and carry	30 A
for 0.2s:	
Break (DC	24 V
inductive, L/R=40	V / 0
ms):	
Break (DC	24 V
resistive):	V/0
Break (AC	720
inductive):	0771
Break (AC	277
resistive):	

per ANSI C37.90 //1A48V/0.5A125V/0.3A250 0.2A V / 10 A 48 V / 6 A 125 V / 0.5 A 250 0.3 A VA @ 250 VAC Pilot duty A300

VAC / 10 A

TRIP / CLOSE SEAL-I	N
Relay 1 trip seal-in:	0.00 to 9.99 s in steps of 0.01
Relay 2 close seal-in:	0.00 to 9.99 s in steps of 0.01
HIGH RANGE POWE	
Nominal: Range:	120 to 240 VAC 125 to 250 VDC 60 to 300 VAC (50 and 60 Hz)
Ride-through time:	84 to 250 VDC 35 ms
LOW RANGE POWER	
Nominal:	24 to 48 VDC
Range:	20 to 60 VDC
ALL RANGES Voltage withstand:	2 × highest nominal voltage for 10 ms
Power consumption:	15 W nominal, 20 W maximum 20 VA nominal, 28 VA maximum
SERIAL	
RS485 port:	Opto-coupled
Baud rates: Response time:	up to 115 kbps
Response time: Parity:	1 ms typical None, Odd, Even
Maximum	1200 m (4000 feet)
Distance:	
Isolation:	2 kV
Protocol:	Modbus RTU, DNP 3.0, IEC 60870-5-103
ETHERNET (COPPER	
Modes:	10/100 MB (auto-detect)
Connector:	RJ-45
Protocol:	Modbus TCP/IP, DNP 3.0, IEC 60870-5-104, IEC 61850 GOOSE
ETHERNET (FIBER)	
Fiber type:	100 MB Multi-mode
Wavelength:	1300 nm
Connector:	MTRJ
Transmit power: Receiver	-20 dBm -31 dBm
sensitivity:	-JI QDIII
Power budget:	9 dB
Maximum input power:	-11.8 dBm
Typical distance:	2 km (1.25 miles)
Duplex:	half/full
Protocol:	Modbus TCP/IP, DNP 3.0, IEC 60870-5-104, IEC 61850 GOOSE
USB	
Standard	Compliant with USB 2.0
specification: Data transfer rate:	115 kbps
CERTIFICATION	
	Low voltage directive EN60255-5 / EN60255-27 / EN61010-1
<b>6</b> 5	EN60255-27 / EN61010-1
CE:	EMC Directive EN60255-26/EN50263,
North America:	EN61000-6-2, UL508 cULus UL1053, C22.2.No 14
ISO:	Manufactured under a registered quality program ISO9001

TYPE TESTS		
Dielectric voltage		2.3KV
withstand: Impulse voltage	EN60255-5	5KV
withstand:		
Damped Oscillatory:	IEC 61000-4-18 IEC 60255-22-1	2.5KV CM, 1KV DM
Electrostatic	EN61000-4-2/ IEC 60255-22-2	Level 4
Discharge: RF immunity:	EN61000-4-3/	Level 3
Fast Transient	IEC 60255-22-3 EN61000-4-4/	Class A and B
Disturbance: Surge Immunity:	IEC 60255-22-4 EN61000-4-5/	Level 3 & 4
Conducted RF	IEC 60255-22-5 EN61000-4-6/	Level 3
Immunity: Power Frequency	IEC 60255-22-6 EN61000-4-7/ IEC 60255-22-7	Class A & B
Immunity: Voltage interruptionand	IEC 60255-22-7 IEC 60255-11	15% ripple, 200ms interupts
Ripple DC: Radiated & Conducted:	CISPR11 /CISPR22/ IEC 60255-25	Class A
Emissions Sinusoidal	IEC 60255-21-1	Class 1
Vibration: Shock & Bump:	IEC 60255-21-2	Class 1
Siesmic:	IEC 60255-21-3	Class 2
Power magnetic Immunity:	IEC 61000-4-8	Level 5
Pulse Magnetic Immunity:	IEC 61000-4-9	Level 4
Damped Magnetic Immunity:	IEC 61000-4-10	Level 4
Voltage Dip & interruption:	IEC 61000-4-11	0, 40, 70, 80% dips, 250/ 300 cycle interrupts
Damped Oscillatory:	IEC 61000-4-12	2.5KV CM, 1KV DM
Conducted RF Immunity 0-150khz:	IEC 61000-4-16	Level 4
Voltage Ripple: Ingress Protection:	IEC 61000-4-17 IEC 60529	15% ripple IP40 front , IP10 Back
Environmental (Cold):	IEC 60068-2-1	-40C 16 hrs
Environmental (Dry heat):	IEC 60068-2-2	85C 16hrs
Relative Humidity Cyclic:	IEC 60068-2-30	6day variant 2
EFT:	IEEE/ANSI C37.90.1	
Damped Oscillatrory: RF Immunity:	IEEE/ANSI C37.90.1 IEEE/ANSIC37.90.2	2.5KV,1Mhz 20V/m 80-1Ghz
ESD:	IEEE/ANSIC37.90.2	8KV CD/ 15KV AD
	UL508	e83849 NKCR
Safety:	UL C22.2-14 UL1053	e83849 NKCR7 e83849 NKCR
DIMENSIONS		
Size: Weight:	Refer to Dimensions 4.1 kg [9.0 lb]	Chapter
OPERATING ENVIRO		
Ambient operating temperature:	-40°C to +60°C [-40	°F to +140°F]
Ambient storage / shipping	-40°C to +85°C [-40	°F to +185°F]
temperature: Humidity:	Operating up to 95% @ 55C (As per	6 (non condensing)

Ambient storage / shipping temperature:	-40°C to +85°C [-40°F to +185°F]
Humidity:	Operating up to 95% (non condensing) @ 55C (As per IEC 60068-2-30 Variant 2, 6days)
Pollution degree:	II
Overvoltage	III
category: Ingress Protection:	IP40 Front , IP10 back

# Ordering

	350 * ** ** *	E * *	* ** *	*	Description
Base Unit	350				
Language	Ē				English (without programmable LEDs)
	L				English (with programmable LEDs) for Draw-out option only
Phase Currents	P1				1A three phase current inputs
	P5				5A three phase current inputs
Ground Currents	G1				1A ground current input
	G5				5A ground current input
	S1				1A sensitive ground current input
	S5				5A sensitive ground current input
Power Supply	L				24 - 48 Vdc
	Н				125 - 250 Vdc/120 - 240Vac
Faceplate		E			Standard faceplate (LCD, full menu, actual values and setpoints) with 10 Inputs, 7 Outputs (2 Form A, 5 Form C)
<b>Current Protection</b>	I	S			Standard Overcurrent Protection - 50P(1), 50G(1), 50N(1), 51P(1), 51G(1), 51N(1)
		E			Extended Overcurrent Protection - 49, 50P(2), 50G(2), 50N(2), 51P(1), 51G(1), 51N(1)
		М			Advanced overcurrent protection - 49, 50P(2), 50G(2), 50N(2), 51P(1), 51G(1), 51N(1), 50_2 (46)
Control		N			No Selection
		С			CLP, 50BF, Autoreclose (79), Lockout (86)
Options			N		No Selection
			D		Directional Neutral Overcurrent Protection 67N(1), 67G(1)
			M R		Voltage Metering Phase, Neutral and Ground Directional elements 67P(1), 67N(1), 67G(1) + Voltage Metering
			D		Voltage Protection, Phase, Neutral and Ground Directional elements - 27P(1), 27X(1), 59P(1), 59N(1), 59X(1), 59 2(1), 81O(2)
			· · · ·		81U(2), 67P(1), 67N(1), 67G(1), VTFF(1), 25(1)
Communications			SN 1E		Standard :Front USB, Rear RS485 : Modbus RTU, DNP3.0, IEC 60870-5-103 Standard + Ethernet (Copper & Fiber - MTRJ) Modbus TCP/IP, DNP3.0, IEC 60870-5-104
			2F		Standard + Ethernet (Copper & Fiber - MTRJ) Modbus TCP/IP, DNP3.0, IEC 60870-5-104 Standard + Ethernet (Copper & Fiber - MTRJ) Modbus TCP/IP, DNP3.0, IEC 60870-5-104, IEC 61850 GOOSE
			3E		Standard + Ethernet (Copper & Fiber - MTRJ) Modbus TCP/IP, DNP3.0, IEC 60870-5-104, IEC 61850
			4E		Standard + Ethernet (Copper & Fiber - MTRJ) Modbus TCP/IP, DNP3.0, IEC 60870-5-104, IEC 61850, OPC-UA
Care Desire			5E		Standard + Ethernet PRP/HSR/1588(Fiber- MTRJ) Modbus TCP/IP, DNP3.0, IEC 60870-5-104, IEC 61850, OPC-UA
Case Design			D N		Draw-out Design Non Draw-out Design
Harsh Environment	t			N	None
				Н	Harsh Environment Conformal coating

Ordering Notes: 1. G1/G5 and S1/S5 must match corresponding P1/P5 - there cannot be 5A and 1A mixing 2. "4E" and "5E" communication options are available only on draw-out version

#### **Related Products / Accessories**

<ul> <li>MultiSync 100 - GPS Clock</li> </ul>	MultiSync100-P
<ul> <li>350 Retrofit Kit For 735</li> </ul>	1819-0103
<ul> <li>350 Retrofit Kit For IAC Relay</li> </ul>	1819-0102
<ul> <li>350 Retrofit Kit For MDP Relay</li> </ul>	1819-0101
<ul> <li>350 Retrofit Kit For S1/S2 Cut-Out</li> </ul>	1819-0100
<ul> <li>SR3 Depth reducing collar - 1.375"</li> </ul>	1009-0314
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